

MAPSS AND COMPANY

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of HMA Agro Industries Limited

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of HMA Agro Industries Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2026, the statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026 and its profit, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA"s) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

On the facts and circumstances of the company and the audit, we determine that there are no key audit matters to communicate.



Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement



resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.



b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act subject to the matters specified in key audit matters and other matters.

e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

g) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

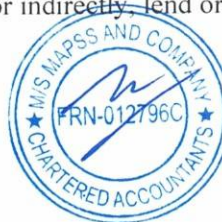
i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements. Refer Note no. 39 to the standalone financial statements.

ii. The Company has not made any provision against the pending litigation as the company believes that these claims are not tenable and hence no provisioning made by the company.

iii. There were no amounts as on 31st March 2026, which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the Financial Statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the Financial Statements, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities



identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

(c) Based on such audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material mis-statement.

- v. As stated in note 2.16 to the accompanying standalone financial statement, the Board of Directors of the company has recognizes a liability to pay dividend to equity holders when the distribution is authorized, and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the company. As per corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorized when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognized directly in equity. Company has declared and paid dividend (₹0.30 paise per Share) during the period under review pertaining to the financial year ended March 31, 2025.
- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software's for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software's. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with. As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2026.
2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we have given "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

For MAPSS AND COMPANY
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn No. 012796C

CA GYAN CHANDRA MISRA
Partner

Membership No. 078183

UDIN: 26078183FAVFEQ9790

Date: 25-05-2026

Place: Ghaziabad

Annexure 'A' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of HMA Agro Industries Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Standalone Financials Statements under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of HMA Agro Industries Limited (the "Company") as of March 31, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management and Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to standalone financial statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that



transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the criteria for internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For MAPSS AND COMPANY
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn No. 012796C



CA GYAN CHANDRA MISRA

Partner
Membership No. 078183
UDIN: 26078183FAVFEQ9790
Date: 25-05-2026
Place: Ghaziabad

ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of HMA Agro Industries Limited of even date)

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

We report that:

(i) (a) (A) The company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment;

(B) No Intangible assets during the period under review;

(b) As explained to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its property, plant and equipment by which all Property, plant and equipment are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In accordance with the programme, certain Property, plant and equipment were verified during the year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the standalone financial statements are held in the name of the company.

(d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.

(e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company and as explained to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

(ii) (a) In our opinion and according to the information given to us, the company has maintained proper records of its inventories. Physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate. No discrepancy of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed on physical verification of stocks by the management as compared to book records.

(b) The Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ₹5 crore, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets at any point of time during the year. The quarterly returns/statements filed by the Company with such banks or financial institutions are fully in agreement with the books of account.

(iii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has made investments, provided guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability



partnerships or any other parties, details as mentioned below.

(A) The company has provided loans or advances and guarantees or security to subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates. The details are as given below: -

S.No.	Company	Aggregate Amount provided during financial year 2025-2026 (₹ in millions)	Balance as on 31 st March, 2026 (₹ in millions)
Guarantee Given			
1	United Farm Products Pvt Ltd (subsidiary of HMA Agro Industries Ltd)	650.00	650.00
Loan provided			
1	Indus Farmers Food Co. LLP	0.55	36.10
2	HMA Natural Foods Private Limited	6.42	6.42
Advances to related Party			
1	Laal Agro Food Private Limited	-	74.02
2	JFF Export Private Limited	-	398.97
3	Reliable Agro Foods	-	71.58
4	Swastik Bone and Gelatines Private Limited	-	23.94
5	United Farm Products Pvt Ltd	-	284.14

(B) The Company has not provided any loans or advances, or given any guarantees or securities, to any parties other than its subsidiaries, joint ventures, and associates, except for trade advances extended in the ordinary course of business.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided are not prejudicial to the company's interest.

(c) There is no stipulation of schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest and therefore we are unable to comment on the regularity of repayment of principal & payment of interest.

(d) Since the term of arrangement do not stipulate any repayment schedule we are unable to comment whether the amount is overdue or not.

(e) No loan or advance in the nature of loan granted which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties.

(f) The company has granted loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment, details as mentioned below.



Particulars	Amount (₹ in millions)	% of Total Loans Granted
Total such loans and advances	6.57	100%
Of which – Loans to Related Parties*	6.57	100%

*Related parties as defined in Clause (76) of Section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013.

- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the company has complied with the requirements of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans granted, investment made and guarantees and securities provide as applicable.
- (v) The company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits covered under sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013, hence clause 3(v) is not required to report.
- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the Company. Hence, reporting under clause (vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vii)(a) According to the records made available to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, duty of customs, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company there were no outstanding statutory dues as on 31st of March, 2026 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b)According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, there is no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) that have not been deposited on account of any dispute, hence clause 3(vii)(b) is not required to report.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given by the management and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, there were no transactions related to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company did not have any loans or borrowings from any lender during the year, except the facility of packing credit availed from the financial institutions and there is no default has been noticed in the payment of this facility or in the payment of interest thereon.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the company is not declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not obtained any term loans during the year, hence clause 3(ix)(c) is not required to report.
- (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, funds raised on short term basis have not been utilized for long term purposes.



(e) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.

(f) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.

(x) (a) The company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. hence clause 3(x)(a) is not required to report.

(b) The company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year, hence clause 3(x)(b) is not required to report.

(xi) (a) According to the information and explanations given by the management and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no fraud by the company or any fraud on the company has been noticed or reported during the year;

(b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government;

(c) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, no whistle-blower complaints had been received by the company.

(xii) The company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, clause 3(xii) is not applicable on the company.

(xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions with related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, and the details of the related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards.

(xiv) (a) Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.

(b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.

(xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

(xvi) (a) In our Opinion and based on our examination, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934). hence clause 3(xvi)(a) is not required to report

(b) In our Opinion and based on our examination, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934). hence clause 3(xvi)(b) is not required to report.



(c) In our Opinion and based on our examination, the Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India, hence clause 3(xvi)(c) is not required to report.

(d) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Group does not have any CIC as part of the Group. hence clause 3(xvi)(d) is not required to report.

(xvii) Based on our examination, the company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.

(xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

(xx) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

(xxi) There have been no qualifications or adverse remarks in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order (CARO) reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, clause 3(xxii) of the Order is not applicable.

For MAPSS AND COMPANY

Chartered Accountants

Firm Regn No. 012796C


CA GYAN CHANDRA MISRA

Partner

Membership No. 078183

UDIN: 26078183FAVFEQ9790

Date: 25-05-2026

Place: Ghaziabad

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
ASSETS			
(A) Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	(3)	390.93	336.96
(b) Right-of-use assets	(4)	-	10.81
(c) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	(5)	2,225.47	2,195.10
(ii) Loans	(8)	36.10	63.72
(iii) Other financial assets	(11)	2,132.34	1,877.41
(d) Income tax assets		62.21	246.91
(e) Deferred tax assets (net)	(12)	14.69	16.82
Total non-current assets		4,861.74	4,747.71
(B) Current assets			
(a) Inventories	(6)	12,795.94	6,215.59
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Trade receivables	(7)	179.25	1,445.26
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	(9)	1,231.79	864.92
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	(10)	1,095.21	-
(iv) Other financial assets	(11)	21.65	49.94
(c) Other assets	(13)	2,946.18	2,814.47
Total current assets		18,270.02	11,390.18
Total assets		23,131.76	16,137.91
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(A) Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	(14)	500.77	500.77
(b) Other equity	(15)	8,452.77	7,322.46
Total equity		8,953.54	7,823.23
(B) Liabilities			
(I) Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Lease obligation	(31)	-	0.96
(ii) Other financial liabilities	(18)	0.63	1.80
(b) Provisions	(20)	12.95	18.30
Total non-current liabilities		13.58	21.05
(II) Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Lease obligation	(31)	-	10.89
(ii) Borrowings	(16)	8,341.25	5,030.19
(iii) Trade payables	(17)		
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprise and small enterprises		14.01	16.11
- Total outstanding dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		1,265.86	796.13
(iv) Other financial liabilities	(18)	464.37	8.97
(b) Other liabilities	(19)	4,070.63	2,424.72
(c) Provisions	(20)	8.52	6.62
Total current liabilities		14,164.64	8,293.63
Total Equity and Liabilities		23,131.76	16,137.91

Corporate information and material accounting policies

1 - 2

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

FOR MAPSS AND COMPANY

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 012796C

FRN-012796C

CA Gyan Chandra Mishra

Partner

Membership Number: 078183

Place : Ghaziabad

Date : May 25, 2026

UDIN:-26078183FAVFEQ9790

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
HMA Agro Industries Limited

CIN : L74110UP2008PLC034977

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Gulzar Ahmad

Whole Time Director

DIN : 01312305

Place : New Delhi

Date : May 25, 2026

Mohammad Mehmood

Qureshi

Managing Director

DIN : 02839611

Place : New Delhi

Date : May 25, 2026

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Nikhil Sundrani

Company Secretary

Membership number : 53307

Place : Agra

Date : May 25, 2026

Gulzeb Ahmed

Chief Financial Officer

DIN : 06546660

Place : New Delhi

Date : May 25, 2026

Director

Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2026

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	Note	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
(1) Income			
(a) Revenue from operations	(21)	67,689.16	48,621.43
(b) Other income	(22)	1,234.82	789.84
Total Income		68,923.98	49,411.27
(2) Expenses			
(a) Cost of raw materials consumed	(23)	67,134.66	48,334.81
(b) Changes in inventories	(24)	(6,576.68)	(4,560.50)
(c) Employee benefits expense	(25)	410.66	343.10
(d) Finance costs	(26)	337.70	210.65
(e) Depreciation expense	(27)	53.34	51.37
(f) Other expenses	(28)	5,845.80	4,123.60
Total Expenses		67,205.48	48,503.03
(3) Profit before tax expense (1-2)		1,718.50	908.24
(4) Tax expense	(37)		
(a) Current tax		440.43	229.47
(b) Tax expense relating to prior years		8.06	72.31
(c) Deferred tax charge / (credit)		(1.06)	4.73
Total tax expense		447.43	306.51
(5) Profit for the year		1,271.07	601.73
(6) Other comprehensive income			
(1) Items that will be reclassified to Profit / (Loss)			
(a) Net change in value of derivatives designated as cash flow hedges		-	-
(b) Deferred tax impact on above		-	-
(2) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to Profit			
(a) Remeasurement of defined employee benefit plans		12.65	1.70
(b) Deferred tax impact on above		(3.18)	(0.43)
Total other comprehensive income/(loss)		9.47	1.27
(7) Total comprehensive income for the year		1,280.54	603.00
Earnings per share (EPS) (Rupees per share)	(36)		
(1) Basic EPS		2.54	1.20
(2) Diluted EPS		2.54	1.20

Corporate information and material accounting policies

1 - 2

The accompanying notes forms an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached.
FOR MAPSS AND COMPANY
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration Number: 042796C

CA Gyan Chandra Misra
Partner
Membership Number: 078183
Place : Ghaziabad
Date : May 25, 2026
UDIN:-26078183FAVFEQ9790

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
HMA Agro Industries Limited
CIN : L7110UP2008PLC034977

Gulzar Ahmad
Whole Time Director
DIN : 01312305
Place : New Delhi
Date : May 25, 2026

Mohammad Mehmood Qureshi
Managing Director
DIN : 02839611
Place : New Delhi
Date : May 25, 2026

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Nikhil Sundrani
Company Secretary
Membership number : 53107
Place : New Delhi
Date : May 25, 2026

Gulzeb Ahmed
Chief Financial Officer
DIN : 06546660
Place : New Delhi
Date : May 25, 2026

Company Secretary

Director

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Standalone Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2026

(A) Equity share capital

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	Note	Amount
Balance as at April 1, 2025		500.77
Changes in equity share capital during the year		-
Balance as at March 31, 2026		500.77
Balance as at April 01, 2024		500.77
Changes in equity share capital during the year		-
Balance as at March 31, 2025		500.77

(B) Other equity

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	Reserve and Surplus					Cash flow hedge reserves	Total other equity
	General Reserve	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	Retained earnings	Remeasurement of defined employee benefit plans		
Balance as at April 01, 2025	201.33	-	1,474.36	5,650.11	(3.35)	-	7,322.46
Profit/(loss) for the current period	-	-	-	1,271.07	-	-	1,271.07
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	9.47	-	9.47
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	1,271.07	9.47	-	1,280.54
Issue of equity shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transaction expense on account of fresh issue of shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend paid (Refer note 14 (g))	-	-	-	(150.23)	-	-	(150.23)
Transfer during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of other comprehensive income(net off taxes)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2026	201.33	-	1,474.36	6,770.97	6.12	-	8,452.77
Balance as at April 01, 2024	196.33	5.00	1,474.36	5,198.61	(4.62)	-	6,869.68
Profit/(loss) for the current period	-	-	-	601.73	-	-	601.73
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	1.27	-	1.27
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	601.73	1.27	-	603.00
Issue of equity shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transaction expense on account of fresh issue of shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend paid (Refer note 14 (g))	-	-	-	(150.23)	-	-	(150.23)
Transfer during the year	5.00	(5.00)	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of other comprehensive income(net off taxes)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2025	201.33	-	1,474.36	5,650.11	(3.35)	-	7,322.46

Nature and purpose of reserves

(a) **Securities Premium Reserve:** The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in Securities Premium. It can be used only in accordance with provisions of Companies Act, 2013 for specified purposes.

(b) **Retained Earnings:** Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date net of appropriations. It is available for distribution to shareholders.

(c) **Capital Reserves:** Any short fall of consideration paid over net assets acquired is treated as capital reserve under equity.

(d) **General Reserves:** Under the erstwhile Companies Act 1956, general reserve was created through an annual transfer of net income at a specified percentage in accordance with applicable regulations. The purpose of these transfers was to ensure that if a dividend distribution in a given year is more than 10% of the paid-up capital of the Company for that year, then the total dividend distribution is less than the total distributable results for that year. Consequent to introduction of Companies Act 2013, the requirement to mandatorily transfer a specified percentage of the net profit to general reserve has been withdrawn. However, the amount previously transferred to the general reserve can be utilised only in accordance with the specific requirements of Companies Act, 2013.

(e) **Cash flow hedge reserves:** The cash flow hedging reserve represents the cumulative effective portion of gains or losses arising on changes in fair value of designated portion of hedging instruments entered into for cash flow hedges. Such gains or losses will be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in the period in which the underlying hedged transaction occurs.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

As per our report, New Delhi dated 25/05/2026

FOR MAPS AND COMPANY

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 012706C

CA Gyan Chandra Mehta

Partner

Membership Number: 078183

Place : Ghaziabad

Date : May 25, 2026

UDIN: 26078183FAVFEQ9790

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

HMA Agro Industries Limited

CIN : L74110UP2008PLC034977

Gulzar Ahmad

Whole Time Director

DIN : 01312305

Place : New Delhi

Date : May 25, 2026

Mohammad

Mehmood Qureshi

Managing Director

DIN : 02839611

Place : New Delhi

Date : May 25, 2026

Gulzeb Ahmed

Chief Financial Officer

DIN : 06546660

Place : New Delhi

Date : May 25, 2026

Nikhil Sundrani

Company Secretary

Membership number : 53307

Place : Agra

Date : May 25, 2026

Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Standalone statement of cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2026

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
(A) Cashflows from operating activities		
Profit before tax	1,718.50	908.24
Adjustment for:		
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	47.52	41.40
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	5.82	9.98
Unrealised fair value (gain)/loss on forward contracts (net)	447.22	(1.09)
Interest on lease obligation	0.46	1.44
Interest expense	332.51	205.13
Profit on termination of lease	(0.65)	-
Interest on bank deposits	(166.67)	(48.60)
Interest on unwinding security deposit	(0.52)	(0.20)
Guarantee commission income	(1.06)	(0.96)
Sundry balances write-off	(0.32)	0.72
Unrealised foreign exchange loss/(gain) (net)	98.21	(39.70)
Profit on sale of assets (net)	(0.62)	(4.58)
Operating cash flow before working capital changes	2,480.41	1,071.77
Adjustment for changes in working capital:		
Decrease/(Increase) in inventories	(6,580.35)	(4,583.66)
(Increase) in trade receivables	1,265.51	3,319.29
(Increase)/Decrease in other financial assets	(207.28)	109.89
(Increase) in other assets	(131.71)	(773.45)
Increase in trade payables	369.74	(430.51)
Increase/(Decrease) in other financial liabilities	10.82	(10.55)
Increase in other provision	9.20	4.69
Increase/(Decrease) in other current liabilities	1,645.91	1,914.55
Cash generated from operations	(1,137.74)	622.01
Taxes paid (net of refunds)	(263.79)	(430.39)
Net cashflows from operating activities	(1,401.53)	191.62
(B) Cashflows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(106.40)	(6.51)
Sale of property, plant and equipment and capital work in progress	5.52	4.58
Movement in bank deposits	(1,095.21)	(1,230.56)
Investment in subsidiary	-	(1,466.30)
Interest received on fixed deposit	147.83	7.39
Loan given to subsidiaries (net)	(2.75)	1,449.96
Net cashflows from investing activities	(1,051.00)	(1,241.45)
(C) Cashflows from financing activities		
Borrowings drawn under working capital demand facility (net)	3,311.04	1,201.20
Interest paid	(335.26)	(205.13)
Dividend paid	(150.23)	(150.23)
Repayment of lease liabilities including interest	(6.15)	(10.81)
Net cashflows from financing activities	2,819.40	835.02
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	366.86	(214.81)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	864.92	1,079.72
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	1,231.79	864.92
Cash and cash equivalents comprise of:		
Balance with banks:		
In current accounts	716.29	212.93
Cheques on hand	-	-
In fixed deposit account with original maturity of 3 months or less	513.88	650.00
Cash on hand	1.62	1.99
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,231.79	864.92

Notes :

The cashflow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Indian Accounting standard (Ind AS 7) Statement of cash flows' as specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

As per our report of even date attached

FOR MAPSS AND COMPANY

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 116799C

CA Gyan Chandra Mishra

Partner

Membership Number: 078183

Place : Ghaziabad

Date : May 25, 2026

UDIN:-26078183FAVFEQ9790

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

HMA Agro Industries Limited

CIN : L74110UP2008PLC034977

Gulzar Ahmad

Whole Time Director

DIN : 01312305

Place : New Delhi

Date : May 25, 2026

Mohammad Mehmood Qureshi

Managing Director

DIN : 02839611

Place : New Delhi

Date : May 25, 2026

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Nikhil Sundrani

Company Secretary

Membership number : 53307

Place : Agra

Date : May 25, 2026

Company Secretary

Gulzeb Ahmed

Chief Financial Officer

DIN : 06546660

Place : New Delhi

Date : May 25, 2026

Director

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

(3) Property, plant and equipment

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	Land (Freehold)	Building	Vehicles	Plant and Machinery	Office Equipment	Total
Gross carrying amount						
As at April 01, 2024	145.53	91.00	86.15	239.98	33.82	596.48
Additions	-	1.85	11.38	6.59	1.98	21.81
Disposals	(11.93)	-	(4.80)	(3.20)	-	(19.93)
As at March 31, 2025	133.60	92.85	92.72	243.37	35.80	598.36
Accumulated depreciation						
As at April 01, 2024	-	23.52	54.92	127.35	18.84	224.64
Charge for the year	-	4.34	10.98	20.58	5.50	41.40
On disposals	-	-	(3.93)	(0.72)	-	(4.64)
As at March 31, 2025	-	27.86	61.97	147.21	24.34	261.39
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2025	133.60	65.00	30.75	96.16	11.46	336.96
Gross carrying amount						
As at April 01, 2025	133.60	92.85	92.72	243.37	35.80	598.35
Additions	-	-	17.49	85.21	3.70	106.40
Disposals	-	-	(30.51)	-	-	(30.51)
Reclassification	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2026	133.60	92.85	79.69	328.58	39.50	674.23
Accumulated depreciation						
As at April 01, 2025	-	27.86	61.97	147.21	24.34	261.39
Charge for the year	-	5.01	10.15	28.16	4.20	47.52
On disposals	-	-	(25.61)	-	-	(25.61)
Reclassification	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2026	-	32.87	46.51	175.37	28.54	283.30
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2026	133.60	59.99	33.18	153.22	10.96	390.93

Note 1: The Company holds immovable properties in its own name.



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Cypriote

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

G. Jay A

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

[Signature]

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

[Signature]

Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

(4) Right-of-use assets

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	Amount
Gross carrying amount	
As at April 01, 2025	29.93
Additions	-
Disposals	(29.93)
As at March 31, 2026	-
Accumulated depreciation	
As at April 01, 2025	19.12
Charge for the year	5.82
On disposals	(24.94)
As at March 31, 2026	-
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2026	-
Gross carrying amount	
As at April 01, 2024	29.93
Additions	-
Disposals	-
As at March 31, 2025	29.93
Accumulated depreciation	
As at April 01, 2024	9.15
Charge for the year	9.98
On disposals	-
As at March 31, 2025	19.12
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2025	10.81



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD. For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Cyprusli

A. J. A.

Director

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

[Signature]

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

[Signature]

Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

(5) Investments

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Investments (Non-current)		
Investments in equity instruments in subsidiary (at cost)		
A. Unquoted equity shares		
Swastik Bones & Gelatines Private Limited March 31, 2026 - 100,000 equity shares of Rs 100 fully paid up (March 31, 2025 - 100,000 equity shares of Rs 100 fully paid up)	13.50	13.50
FNS Agro Foods Limited March 31, 2026-895,600 equity shares of Rs 10 fully paid up (March 31, 2025-895,600 equity shares of Rs 10 fully paid up)	3.39	3.39
HMA Natural Foods Private Limited March 31, 2026 - 5,287,000 equity shares of Rs 10 fully paid up (March 31, 2025 - 2,250,000 equity shares of Rs 10 fully paid up)	52.87	22.50
HMA Food Export Private Limited March 31, 2026 - 1,686,600 equity shares of Rs 10 fully paid up (March 31, 2025 - 1,686,600 equity shares of Rs 10 fully paid up)	86.02	86.02
United Farm Products Private Limited (Refer note below) March 31, 2026 - 22,898,575 equity shares of Rs 10 fully paid up (March 31, 2025 - 15,815,000 equity shares of Rs 10 fully paid up)	1,624.45	1,624.45
Laal Agro Foods Private Limited March 31, 2026 - 9,999 equity shares of Rs 10 fully paid up (March 31, 2025 - 9,999 equity shares of Rs 10 fully paid up)	0.10	0.10
JFF Exports Private Limited March 31, 2026 - 10,000 equity shares of Rs 10 fully paid up (March 31, 2025 - 10,000 equity shares of Rs 10 fully paid up)	0.10	0.10
Federal Agro Industries Private Limited March 31, 2026 :584,400 equity shares of Rs 10 fully paid up (March 31, 2025 : 584,400 equity shares of Rs 10 fully paid up)	224.41	224.41
B. Investment in partnership entity (at amortised cost)		
International Agro Food Exports	29.83	29.83
Reliable Agro Foods	154.31	154.31
C. Other investments		
Indus Farmers Food Co. LLP	30.24	30.24
D. Deemed investments		
United Farm Products Private Limited (accounted against corporate guarantee given)	6.25	6.25
Total (Non-current)	2,225.47	2,195.10

Aggregate carrying value of unquoted investments

2,225.47

2,195.10

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.



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Director

[Signature]

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

[Signature]
Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

(6) Inventories

(Valued at lower of cost and net realisable value)

Packing Materials
Finished Goods
Stores & Spares and Other Materials
Stock in Transit
Total Inventories

(in Rupees Million)	
As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
23.28	21.53
2,212.31	926.97
3.55	1.63
10,556.80	5,265.46
12,795.94	6,215.59

(7) Trade receivables

Unsecured, considered good
- Third Party
- Related parties (Refer note 30)
Total trade receivables

(in Rupees Million)	
As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
137.49	1,337.65
41.76	107.61
179.25	1,445.26

**Ageing of Trade receivable
March 31, 2026**

Particulars	Current but not due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
		Less than 6 Months	6 months – 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Trade receivables							
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	-	133.82	13.59	1.86	29.98	-	179.25
Total	-	133.82	13.59	1.86	29.98	-	179.25

March 31, 2025

Particulars	Current but not due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
		Less than 6 Months	6 months – 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Trade receivables							
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	-	1,353.69	54.02	37.56	-	-	1,445.26
Total	-	1,353.69	54.02	37.56	-	-	1,445.26

(8) Loans

Non-current loans
Unsecured, considered good
Loan to related party (Refer note 30)*
Total Non current Loan

*Loan to related parties are given at zero interest rate as support for meeting their working capital requirements.

(in Rupees Million)	
As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
36.10	63.72
36.10	63.72

(9) Cash and cash equivalents

Balance with banks
In current accounts
Bank Deposit with maturity less than three months*
Cash in hand
Total cash and cash equivalents

*Above deposits includes deposits that are provided as lien against borrowings and against Bank Guarantee

(in Rupees Million)	
As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
716.29	212.93
513.88	650.00
1.62	1.99
1,231.79	864.92

(10) Other bank balances

Current
Bank Deposit with maturity less than twelve months*
Total current other bank balances

*Above deposits includes deposits that are provided as lien against borrowings and against Bank Guarantee

(in Rupees Million)	
As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
1,095.21	-
1,095.21	-



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Cyprus

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

(11) Other financial assets

Non-current financial assets

Capital advances*	
Interest accrued but not due on bank deposits	
Security deposits	
Bank Deposit provided as lien against borrowings & Bank Guarantee	
Bank Deposit, unencumbered with maturity more than twelve months	
Total non-current financial assets	

*Pertains to advances given for purchase of immovable properties.

Current financial assets

Interest accrued but not due on bank deposits	
Total current financial assets	

(in Rupees Million)	
As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
31.55	31.55
47.14	-
28.03	30.57
264.62	264.62
1,761.00	1,550.67
2,132.34	1,877.41

21.65	49.94
21.65	49.94

(12) Deferred tax assets (net)

Significant components of deferred tax assets (net)

Deferred tax assets / (liabilities)

Difference between book and tax value of property, plant and equipment

Gratuity

Others

Total Deferred tax assets

(in Rupees Million)	
As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
10.06	10.28
4.63	6.27
-	0.26
14.69	16.82

Movements in deferred tax assets / (liabilities)

(in Rupees Million)					
Particulars	Property, plant & equipment	Derivative liabilities	Gratuity	Others	Total
At April 01, 2024	17.38	(0.01)	5.52	(0.91)	21.99
(Charged) / Credited					
- to profit or loss	(7.10)	0.01	1.18	1.17	(4.73)
- to other comprehensive income	-	-	(0.43)	-	(0.43)
As at March 31, 2025	10.28	-	6.27	0.26	16.82
At April 01, 2025					
(Charged) / Credited					
- to profit or loss	(0.22)	-	1.54	(0.26)	1.06
- to other comprehensive income	-	-	(3.18)	-	(3.18)
As at March 31, 2026	10.06	-	4.63	-	14.69

(13) Other assets

Current assets

Prepaid expenses	
Advances to suppliers, employees and others	
Receivable from related parties (Refer note 30)	
Balance with government authorities	
Duty drawback receivable	
Export incentive receivable	
Total current assets	

(in Rupees Million)	
As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
3.52	2.46
418.40	278.15
1,596.89	1,523.20
919.41	991.21
6.05	11.79
1.91	7.66
2,946.18	2,814.47

(14) Equity share capital

Authorised

70,00,00,000 equity shares of face value Rs. 1 each
(March 31, 2025 : 70,00,00,000 equity shares of face value Rs. 1 each)

As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
700.00	700.00
700.00	700.00

Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up

50,07,69,770 equity share of face value Re. 1 each fully paid up
(March 31, 2025 : 50,07,69,770 equity share of face value Rs.1 each fully paid up)

500.77	500.77
500.77	500.77



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Cypureshi

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

(a) Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	Number of shares	Amount (in Rupees Million)	Number of shares	Amount (in Rupees Million)
Equity shares				
At the commencement of the year	50,07,69,770	500.77	50,07,69,770	500.77
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
At the end of the year	50,07,69,770	500.77	50,07,69,770	500.77

(b) Particulars of shareholders holding more than 5% shares of a class of shares

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	Number of shares	% of total shares in the class	Number of shares	% of total shares in the class
Equity shares of Rs. 1 each fully paid-up held by				
Wajid Ahmed	5,00,76,977	10.00%	5,00,76,977	10.00%
Mohd Mehmood Qureshi	9,23,05,001	18.43%	9,47,95,001	18.93%
Mohd Ashraf Qureshi	9,23,05,001	18.43%	9,47,95,001	18.93%
Zulfiqar Ahmed Qureshi	9,23,05,001	18.43%	9,47,95,001	18.93%
Gulzar Ahmad	6,51,54,530	13.01%	6,76,44,530	13.51%

(c) Details of shares held by promoters

As at March 31, 2026

Promoter Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year*	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of Total Shares	% change during the year
Wajid Ahmed	5,00,76,977	-	5,00,76,977	10.00%	0.00%
Mohd Mehmood Qureshi	9,47,95,001	(24,90,000)	9,23,05,001	18.43%	-2.70%
Mohd Ashraf Qureshi	9,47,95,001	(24,90,000)	9,23,05,001	18.43%	-2.70%
Zulfiqar Ahmed Qureshi	9,47,95,001	(24,90,000)	9,23,05,001	18.43%	-2.70%
Gulzar Ahmad	6,76,44,530	(24,90,000)	6,51,54,530	13.01%	-3.82%
Pravez Alam	1,65,99,240	-	1,65,99,240	3.31%	0.00%
Gulzeb Ahmed	12,750	-	12,750	0.00%	0.00%
Total	41,87,18,500	(99,60,000)	40,87,58,500	81.63%	-11.91%

As at March 31, 2025

Promoter Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year*	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of Total Shares	% change during the year
Wajid Ahmed	13,15,28,390	(8,14,51,413)	5,00,76,977	10.00%	-162.7%
Mohd Mehmood Qureshi	6,76,44,530	2,71,50,471	9,47,95,001	18.93%	28.6%
Mohd Ashraf Qureshi	6,76,44,530	2,71,50,471	9,47,95,001	18.93%	28.6%
Zulfiqar Ahmed Qureshi	6,76,44,530	2,71,50,471	9,47,95,001	18.93%	28.6%
Gulzar Ahmad	6,76,44,530	-	6,76,44,530	13.51%	0.0%
Pravez Alam	1,65,99,240	-	1,65,99,240	3.31%	0.0%
Gulzeb Ahmed	12,750	-	12,750	0.00%	0.0%
Total	41,87,18,500	-	41,87,18,500	83.61%	-76.73%

* Changes during the year includes share sold by promoters on account of achieving minimum public shareholding as per the norms as specified by SEBI

(d) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 1 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

(e) There were no shares allotted pursuant to a contract without payment being received in cash.

(f) There are no unpaid calls from any director or officer.

(g) The Company has paid dividend of Rs. 0.30 per share fully paid up equity share of Rs. 1 during the year ended March 31, 2026 and year ended March 31, 2025.

(h) Aggregate number of equity shares issued as bonus, shares issued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date:

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Bonus shares issued (number of shares)	-	-	-	4,37,86,375	-
Amount capitalised (Rs in Millions)	-	-	-	437.87	-



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

[Signature]

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

[Signature]

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

[Signature]
Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

- (15) Other equity
General Reserve
Securities Premium
Retained earnings
Other comprehensive income
Total other equity

(in Rupees Million)	
As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
201.33	201.33
1,474.36	1,474.36
6,770.96	5,650.11
6.12	(3.35)
8,452.77	7,322.46

- (16) Borrowings

Current
Loans payable on demand from :
Secured:
- Banks - Working capital demand loans* (Refer Note - 34)

(in Rupees Million)	
As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
8,341.25	5,030.19
8,341.25	5,030.19

*Working capital demand loans are secured against raw materials, book debts and finished goods and various other collateral properties.

- (17) Trade payables

Current trade payables

- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprise and small enterprises
- Total outstanding dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises
- Related parties (Refer note 30)
Total current trade payables

(in Rupees Million)	
As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
14.01	16.11
1,098.01	770.52
167.85	25.61
1,279.87	812.23

The Company has the process of identification of 'suppliers' registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development ('MSMED') Act, 2006, by obtaining confirmations from all suppliers. The Company has not received intimation from any of the 'suppliers' regarding their status under MSMED Act, 2006 and hence disclosures if any, relating to amounts unpaid as at the year end together with interest paid/payable as required have not been furnished.

Ageing of trade payable

As at March 31, 2026

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Accrued and not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	14.01	-	-	-	14.01
(ii) Total outstanding dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	778.42	320.69	100.63	66.12	1,265.86
Total		792.43	320.69	100.63	66.12	1,279.87

As at March 31, 2025

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Accrued and not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	16.11	-	-	-	16.11
(ii) Total outstanding dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	89.97	684.62	20.28	1.25	-	796.12
Total		700.73	20.28	1.25	-	812.23

- (18) Other financial liabilities

Non current financial liabilities
Credit liabilities from financial guarantees
Total Non current financial liabilities

(in Rupees Million)	
As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
0.63	1.80
0.63	1.80

Current financial liabilities
Derivative liability - forward contract (Measured at fair value through profit and loss)
Credit liabilities from financial guarantees
Employee related obligations (Refer note 30 for related party balances)
Interest accrued and not due
Others
Total current financial liabilities

447.22	-
1.17	1.06
13.12	5.16
-	2.75
2.86	-
464.37	8.97



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Company Secretary

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Director

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

(19) Other liabilities

Current liabilities

Advances from customer
Statutory dues payable*

Total current liabilities

*Includes liability towards Tax deducted at source, Provident fund contribution and Professional tax

(in Rupees Million)	
As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
4,021.89	2,388.82
48.73	35.89
4,070.63	2,424.72

(20) Provisions

Non-current provisions

Gratuity (Refer note 29)
Total non-current provisions

(in Rupees Million)	
As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
12.95	18.30
12.95	18.30

Current provisions

Gratuity (Refer note 29)
Leave encashment
Total current provisions

2.61	3.80
5.91	2.82
8.52	6.62



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Cypranesh

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

A. J. A.

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

[Signature]

Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

(21) Revenue from operations

Sale of products

- Export sales
- Domestic sales

Total

Discount

Total Revenue from operations

(in Rupees Million)	
Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
64,505.07	46,376.71
3,327.75	2,330.77
67,832.82	48,707.48
(143.67)	(86.05)
67,689.16	48,621.43

(22) Other income

Duty drawback

Interest on :

- Bank deposits

- Unwinding security deposit

Foreign exchange gain, net

Profit on sale of property plant and equipment

Profit on termination of lease

Fair value gain on derivative forwards measured through profit and loss

Guarantee commission income (Refer Note - 30)

Liabilities no longer required written back

Miscellaneous income

Total other income

(in Rupees Million)	
Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
107.38	70.20
166.67	48.60
0.52	0.20
953.17	651.54
0.62	4.58
0.65	-
-	1.09
1.06	0.96
0.32	-
4.43	12.67
1,234.82	789.84

(23) Cost of raw material consumed

Inventory at the beginning of the year

Add : Purchased

Less : Raw material at the end of the year

Cost of raw material consumed

(in Rupees Million)	
Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
-	-
67,134.66	48,334.81
67,134.66	48,334.81

(24) Changes in inventories

At the beginning of the year

Finished goods ,consumables and work-in-progress

At the end of the year

Finished goods ,consumables, Stock in transit and work-in-progress

Change

(in Rupees Million)	
Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
6,192.43	1,631.93
(12,769.12)	(6,192.43)
(6,576.68)	(4,560.50)

(25) Employee benefits expenses

Salaries, wages and bonus

Contribution to provident and other funds (Refer note 29)

Gratuity expense (Refer note 29)

Staff welfare expense

Total employee benefits expenses

(in Rupees Million)	
Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
397.12	331.98
5.11	5.36
6.11	3.48
2.33	2.29
410.66	343.10



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Cyphresh

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

(26) Finance costs

Interest on :
- lease liabilities
- working capital demand loan (net)
- statutory dues
Bank charges and commission
Total finance cost

(in Rupees Million)	
Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
0.46	1.44
332.51	205.13
0.07	2.63
4.66	1.45
337.70	210.65

(27) Depreciation expense

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (Refer note 3)
Depreciation on right-of-use assets (Refer note 4)
Total depreciation expense

(in Rupees Million)	
Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
47.52	41.40
5.82	9.98
53.34	51.37

(28) Other expenses

Cooling and freezing charges
Freight charges
Sales commission
Import charges
Export charges
Packaging expenses
Legal and professional charges
Power and fuel
Foreign exchange loss, net
Repairs and Maintenance :
 Plant & Machinery
 Building
Corporate social responsibility (Refer note 40)
Bank charges
Plant & Labour Charges
Travelling and conveyance
Facility utilisation charges and Rent
Consumable expenses
Rates and taxes
Insurance charges
Security charges
Vehicle expenses
Communication expenses
Cleaning expenses
Auditor's remuneration (Refer note 28.1 below)
Fair value loss on derivative forwards measured through profit and loss
Miscellaneous expenses
Sundry balances write off
Total other expenses

(in Rupees Million)	
Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
2,444.49	1,327.78
697.96	651.29
190.28	467.49
2.11	-
1,066.02	879.86
461.90	232.15
96.65	124.09
110.37	86.00
20.03	-
35.59	39.56
2.18	4.12
27.05	29.72
33.11	33.88
-	-
29.37	35.11
11.40	29.23
28.27	18.11
37.55	85.61
13.48	4.79
8.30	8.48
2.78	4.13
2.15	2.02
3.23	2.68
1.96	1.96
447.22	-
72.33	54.84
-	0.72
5,845.80	4,123.60

(28.1) Payment to auditors :

For statutory audit
Total payment to auditors

1.96	1.96
1.96	1.96



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Cy. Pureshi
Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

[Signature]
Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

[Signature]
Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

(29) Employee benefits

(a) Defined contribution plan

The Company has a defined contribution plan in respect of provident fund. Contributions are made to provident fund in India for employees as per regulations. The contributions are made to registered provident fund administered by the Government of India. The obligation of the Company is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further contractual nor any constructive obligation.

(in Rupees Million)		
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Employer's contribution to provident fund	4.37	4.57
Included in 'Contribution to provident fund under employee benefits expense (Refer Note 25)		

(b) Compensated absences

Liability under Compensated absences pertains to leave balances and is disclosed under current provisions

(c) Defined benefit plans

Gratuity:

The Company provides for gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/termination is the employees last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionately for 15 days salary multiplied for the number of years of service. The gratuity plan is a unfunded plan and the Company makes provision in the books of accounts based on the actuarial report.

Actuarial Assumptions

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Discount rate	6.91%	6.45%
Future salary increases	5.00%	5.00%
Attrition rate	10.00%	10.00%
Mortality rate	IALM 2012-14 (Ult.)	IALM 2012-14 (Ult.)
Weighted average duration of the obligation	6.80 Years	6.80 Years

Notes:

- Discount rate: The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian government securities for the estimated term of the obligations.
- Salary escalation rate: The estimates of future salary increases considered takes into account the inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.
- Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set in accordance with the statistics published by the Life Insurance Corporation of India.

(i) The amounts recognised in the balance sheet and movements in the net defined benefit obligation (DBO) over the year are as follows :

(in Rupees Million)		
Change in the present value of obligation	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Present value of obligation at the beginning of the year	22.10	20.32
Interest cost	1.30	1.33
Current service cost	4.80	2.15
Past service cost	-	-
Benefits paid	-	-
Remeasurement due to		
Actuarial loss arising from change in financial assumptions	(0.48)	0.73
Actuarial loss arising on account of experience changes	(12.18)	(2.43)
Actuarial loss arising on account of demographical assumptions	-	-
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	15.55	22.10

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.
Director
For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED
Director
Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

(c) Defined benefit plans (continued)

(in Rupees Million)

(ii) Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligation and the fair value of assets	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Present value of unfunded obligation at the end of the year	15.55	22.10
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the period	-	-
Deficit of unfunded plan	15.55	22.10

(in Rupees Million)

(iii) Amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Current service cost	4.80	2.15
Past service cost	-	-
Interest cost	1.30	1.33
Total expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss	6.11	3.48

(in Rupees Million)

(iv) Amount recognised in other comprehensive income	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Remeasurements during the year due to		
Changes in financial assumptions	(0.48)	0.73
Changes in demographic assumptions	-	-
Experience adjustments	(12.18)	(2.43)
Actual return on plan assets less interest on plan assets	(12.65)	(1.70)
Amount recognised in other comprehensive income during the year	(12.65)	(1.70)

(v) Sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in weighted principal assumptions is:

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Discount rate (Increases 1%)	(14.61)	(20.74)
Discount rate (Decreases 1%)	16.62	23.65
Salary increase rate (Increases 1%)	16.57	23.57
Salary increase rate (Decreases 1%)	(14.64)	(20.78)

The above sensitivity analysis are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice it is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. The methods and types of assumption used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to previous period.

(vi) Interest rate risk

The plan is defined benefit in nature which is sponsored by the Company and hence it under writes all the risk pertaining to the plan. In particular, this exposes the Company to the actual risk such as adverse salary growth, changes in demographic experience, inadequate return on underlying plan assets. This may result in an increase in cost of providing these benefits to the employees in future. Since the benefits are lumpsum in nature, the plan is not subject to any longevity risks.

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For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Cyphroshi
Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

[Signature]
Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

[Signature]
Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the financial statements as at March 31, 2026

(30) Related party transactions

(a) Related parties

Sr. No	Name of the party	Nature of relationship
1	HMA Food Export Private Limited	Wholly Owned Subsidiary
2	FNS Agro Foods Limited	Wholly Owned Subsidiary
3	Swastik Bone and Gelatines Private Limited	Wholly Owned Subsidiary
4	Laal Agro Food Private Limited	Wholly Owned Subsidiary
5	United Farm Products Private Limited	Wholly Owned Subsidiary
6	Indus Farmers Food Co. LLP	Entity in which Director is also Designated Partner
7	JFF Export Private Limited	Wholly Owned Subsidiary
8	HMA Natural Foods Private Limited	Subsidiary
9	Federal Agro Industries Private Limited	Subsidiary
10	Reliable agro foods	Partnership firm having Substantial Interest
11	Agra Better Homes LLP	Entity in which Director is also Designated Partner
12	Gausia Cold Storage Private Limited	Group Company
13	HMA Hygienic Foods Industries Private Limited	Group Company
14	HMA Leather Export Private Limited	Group Company
15	Darling Pets private Limited	Group Company
16	Taj View Builders and Promoters Private Limited	Group Company
17	Taj View Construction Private Limited	Group Company
18	JH Logistics Private Limited	Group Company
19	Zulfiqar Ahmed Qureshi	Relative of Director
20	Mohammad Kamil Qureshi	Relative of Director
21	Parvez Alam	Relative of Director
22	Mohammad Ashraf Qureshi	Relative of Director
23	Mohammad Mehmood Qureshi	Managing Director
24	Gulzar Ahmed	Whole-Time Director
25	Gulzair Ahmed	Relative of Director
26	Zakiya Qureshi	Relative of Director

(b) Key managerial personnel

Sr. No	Particulars	Designation
1	Gulzar Ahmad	Whole Time Director
2	Mohammad Mehmood Qureshi	Managing Director
3	Gulzeb Ahmed	CFO & Whole Time Director
4	Vishamwambharan Parmeshwaran (w.e.f April 25, 2026)	Additional Director
5	Bhabani Sankar Acharya (w.e.f April 25, 2026)	Additional Director
6	Bhawna Jain (w.e.f May 29, 2025)	Independent Director
7	Gaurav Rajendra Luthra	Independent Director
8	Abhishek Sharma	Independent Director
9	Nikhil Sundrani	Company Secretary



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Cypruvetti

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

[Signature]
Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the financial statements as at March 31, 2026

(30) Related party transactions (continued)

(c) Details of transactions with related parties

(in Rupees Million)

Sr. No	Nature of Transaction	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
A	Transactions		
1	Facility utilisation charges		
	Reliable agro foods	303.67	-
	HMA Food Export Private Limited	701.67	-
	Federal Agro Industries Private Limited	400.00	-
2	Cooling charges		
	Reliable agro foods	-	180.00
	HMA Food Export Private Limited	-	330.00
3	Rent Paid		
	Gausia Cold Storage Private Limited	0.06	0.06
	JFF Export Private Limited	6.00	6.00
4	Rent Received		
	HMA Natural Foods Private Limited	0.06	0.05
	Hma Hygienic Foods Industries Private Limited	0.06	0.03
	Gausia Cold Storage Private Limited	0.06	-
	HMA Food Export Private Limited	0.12	-
	JFF Export Private Limited	0.06	-
	Swastik Bone and Gelatines Private Limited	0.06	-
	HMA Leather Export Private Limited	0.06	-
	Federal Agro Industries Private Limited	0.12	-
	United Farm Products Private Limited	0.12	-
	Darling Pets Private Limited	0.06	-
	Laal Agro Food Private Limited	0.06	-
5	Commission on sales		
	Mohammad Ashraf Qureshi	36.29	10.11
6	Revenue from Operations		
	HMA Leather Export Private Limited	48.74	118.07
	Federal Agro Industries Private Limited	24.41	9.36
	United Farm Products Private Limited	1.67	64.43
	Darling Pets Private Limited	61.27	35.81
	HMA Food Export Private Limited	36.39	9.93
	Reliable agro foods	-	7.25
	Hma Hygienic Foods Industries Private Limited	-	20.57
7	Consumable Sales		
	Federal Agro Industries Private Limited	0.12	0.17
	United Farm Products Private Limited	4.11	4.92
	HMA Food Export Private Limited	0.29	13.68
	Darling Pets Private Limited	-	0.04
	Reliable agro foods	0.28	6.77
	HMA Leather Export Private Limited	-	0.05
	Hma Hygienic Foods Industries Private Limited	-	0.08
8	Sale Of Property, Plant and Equipments		
	Zulfiqar Ahmed Qureshi	-	0.13
9	Purchase of finished goods and other consumables		
	HMA Food Export Private Limited	284.58	5,006.74
	Laal Agro Food Private Limited	-	0.09
	Federal Agro Industries Private Limited	136.35	4,877.37
	United Farm Products Private Limited	15,390.02	12,405.24
	Gausia Cold Storage Private Limited	-	66.62
	Reliable agro foods	236.56	1,932.40
	Hma Hygienic Foods Industries Private Limited	218.30	630.08



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Ayub Qureshi
Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

[Signature]
Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

[Signature]
Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the financial statements as at March 31, 2026

10 Freight And Export Related Expenses		
JH Logistics Private Limited	1,896.39	1,878.38
11 Remuneration		
Gulzar Ahmad	12.00	13.50
Mohammad Kamil Qureshi	9.60	11.70
Gulzeb Ahmed	6.00	7.50
Parvez Alam	6.00	9.00
Mohammad Mehmood Qureshi	12.00	13.50
Gulzair Ahmed	-	0.30
12 Advance given to related parties		
HMA Natural Foods Private Limited	6.30	-
Swastik Bone and Gelatines Private Limited	-	0.85
Gausia Cold Storage Private Limited	29.17	-
13 Loan given		
Indus Farmers Food Co. LLP	0.55	8.00
HMA Natural Foods Private Limited	-	27.57
14 Loan received back		
FNS Agro Foods Limited	-	2.19
Reliable agro foods	-	17.62
Laal Agro Food Private Limited	-	1.90
JFF Export Private Limited	-	6.18
15 Dividend Paid		
Zulfiqar Ahmed Qureshi	27.69	28.44
Mohammad Ashraf Qureshi	27.69	28.44
Mohammad Mehmood Qureshi	27.69	28.44
Wajid Ahmed	15.02	15.02
Gulzar Ahmad	19.55	20.29
Parvez Alam	4.98	4.98
Gulzeb Ahmed	0.00	0.00
16 Guarantee given on behalf of the Company		
Taj View Bulder and Promoters Private Limited	565.70	565.70
Taj View Construction Private Limited	565.70	565.70
Federal Agro Industries Private Limited	34.60	34.60
Agra Better Homes LLP	2,400.00	2,400.00
HMA Food Export Private Limited	5.50	5.50
Hma Hygienic Foods Industries Private Limited	664.60	664.60
Gulzar Ahmad	8,490.00	8,490.00
Zulfiqar Ahmad Qureshi	8,490.00	8,490.00
Mohammad Ashraf Qureshi	6,090.00	6,090.00
Wajid Ahmed	8,490.00	8,490.00
Mohammad Kamil Qureshi	6,090.00	6,090.00
Gulzeb Ahmed	6,890.00	6,890.00
Zakiya Qureshi	2,400.00	2,400.00
Parvez Alam	6,090.00	6,090.00
Mohammad Mehmood Qureshi	6,090.00	6,090.00
17 Guarantee commission		
United Farm Products Private Limited	1.06	0.96
18 Conversion of Loan into equity investment		
United Farm Products Private Limited	-	1,466.31
HMA Natural Foods Private Limited	30.37	-



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Cyprus

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the financial statements as at March 31, 2026

Sr no.	Balances	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
B	Balances		
19	Trade Receivables		
	HMA Leather Export Private Limited	0.03	75.76
	Darling Pets Private Limited	41.73	31.84
	United Farm Products Private Limited	-	207.89
20	Loans receivables		
	Indus Farmers Food Co. LLP	36.10	35.55
	HMA Natural Foods Private Limited	-	28.22
21	Receivables from subsidiaries and Group company		
	Laal Agro Food Private Limited	74.02	75.07
	JFF Export Private Limited	398.97	404.35
	HMA Food Export Private Limited	-	127.48
	Reliable agro foods	71.58	162.33
	Swastik Bone and Gelatines Private Limited	23.94	23.87
	United Farm Products Private Limited	284.14	-
	Gausia Cold Storage Private Limited	165.64	136.47
	Hma Hygienic Foods Industries Private Limited	562.50	385.75
	HMA Natural Foods Private Limited	6.42	-
	JH Logistics private Limited	9.69	-
22	Employee related obligations		
	Mohammad Kamil Qureshi	0.52	0.46
	Parvez Alam	0.34	0.34
	Mohammad Mehmood Qureshi	0.62	0.62
	Gulzar Ahmed	0.62	0.62
	Gulzeb Ahmad	0.34	0.33
23	Trade Payables		
	Federal Agro Industries Private Limited	70.91	13.38
	Agra Better Homes LLP	-	4.32
	JH Logistics private Limited	-	7.86
	HMA Food Export Private Limited	96.94	-

Sr no.	Commitments	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
C	Commitments		
24	Guarantee given for subsidiary company		
	United Farm Products Private Limited	650.00	650.00
25	Guarantee given on behalf of the Company		
	Taj View Builder and Promoters Private Limited	565.70	565.70
	Taj View Construction Private Limited	565.70	565.70
	Federal Agro Industries Private Limited	34.60	34.60
	Agra Better Homes LLP	2,400.00	2,400.00
	HMA Food Export Private Limited	5.50	5.50
	Hma Hygienic Foods Industries Private Limited	664.60	664.60
	Gulzar Ahmad	8,490.00	8,490.00
	Zulfiqar Ahmad Qureshi	8,490.00	8,490.00
	Mohammad Ashraf Qureshi	6,090.00	6,090.00
	Wajid Ahmed	8,490.00	8,490.00
	Mohammad Kamil Qureshi	6,090.00	6,090.00
	Gulzeb Ahmed	6,890.00	6,890.00
	Zakiya Qureshi	2,400.00	2,400.00
	Parvez Alam	6,090.00	6,090.00
	Mohammad Mehmood Qureshi	6,090.00	6,090.00

Key managerial personnel who are under the employment of the Parent Company are entitled to post employment benefits recognized as per Ind AS 19 - 'Employee Benefits' in the financial statements. As these employee benefits are amounts provided on the basis of actuarial valuation, the same is not included above. Gratuity has been computed for the entity as a whole and hence excluded.

The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash.

Directors of the Company and entities where they have significant influence have given personal and corporate guarantee towards the loans availed from financial institutions by the Company, details of the same are disclosed under note 34.



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

M. P. S. Qureshi

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

(31) Leases

Company as lessee

The Company had entered into cancellable leasing arrangement in respect of office premises for a period of 3 years which are renewable on mutual consent.

Ind AS 116 - Lease liabilities

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Non-current	-	0.96
Current	-	10.89
Total	-	11.85

(i) Movement in Lease liabilities:

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance	11.85	21.21
Add: Finance cost accrued during the year	0.46	1.44
Less: Payment of Lease Liabilities	(6.68)	(10.80)
Less: Disposal	-5.63	-
Closing Balance	-	11.85

(ii) The contractual maturities of Lease liabilities are as under on undiscounted basis:

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Payable within one year	-	11.49
Payable later than one year and not later than five years	-	0.96

(iii) Lease payments recognized for short term leases in statement of profit and loss	11.40	27.71
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The Company does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.

Note:- The underlying lease arrangement was terminated/cancelled during the year and the corresponding right-of-use assets and lease liabilities were derecognised.



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

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Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

[Signature]
Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

(32) Fair value measurement

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value those include cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables and trade payables.

(in Rupees Million)			
At fair value through profit and loss	Level	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Liabilities			
Derivative liabilities - Forward contract payables	2	447.22	-
Total liabilities		447.22	-

At fair value through other comprehensive income	Level	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Liabilities			
Derivative liabilities - Forward contract payables	2		-
Total liabilities			-

At amortised cost	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Assets		
Trade receivables	179.25	1,445.26
Cash and cash equivalents	1,231.79	864.92
Other bank balances	1,359.83	264.62
Investment	2,225.47	2,195.10
Loan	36.10	63.72
Other financial assets	1,889.37	1,662.73
Total assets	6,921.80	6,496.34
Liabilities		
Lease obligation	-	11.85
Borrowings	8,341.25	5,030.19
Trade payables	1,279.87	812.23
Other financial liabilities	17.78	10.78
Total liabilities	9,638.90	5,865.05

Note: Carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables, other financial assets, borrowings, other financial liabilities and trade payables as at year ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025 approximate their fair value due to their short-term nature. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of other financial assets and other financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost is not significant in each of the periods presented.

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For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Cypureshi

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

[Signature]
Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

(33) Financial risk management framework

The Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. The Board holds regular meetings on its activities.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Board oversees how management monitors compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company.

a). Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers.

Trade and other receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate.

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments when they fall due. This definition of default is determined by considering the business environment in which Company operates and other macro-economic factors.

Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on its credit worthiness and historical dealings with the Company, market intelligence and goodwill. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. The management uses a simplified approach for the purpose of computation of expected credit loss for trade receivables and other receivables.

Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances

The Company held cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances of Rs. 4,352.62 million as at March 31, 2026 (March 31, 2025 : Rs 2,680.21 million). The credit worthiness of banks and financial institutions is evaluated by management on an ongoing basis and is considered to be good.

Loans

Loan is given to related parties for which credit risk is managed by monitoring the recoveries of such amounts on regular basis. The Company does not perceive any credit risk related to such loans given to group companies since these will have an additional financial support from promoters as and when necessary. These subsidiaries are expected to achieve operational efficiency in the subsequent years and accordingly no impairment is recorded on these balances.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets measured at amortised cost includes deposits and capital advances for immovable properties etc. Credit risk related to these financial assets are managed by monitoring the recoveries of such amounts on regular basis and the Company does not perceive any credit risk related to these financial assets.

The Company's exposure to customer is diversified and no customer contribute to more than 10 % of outstanding trade receivables as at March 31, 2026 and as at March 31, 2025. Geographical concentration of trade receivable have been disclosed as below.

b). Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due. The Company has access to unused credit facility at the period ended March 31, 2026 amounting to Rs 148.75 millions (March 31, 2025 : Rs 3,459.81 million) towards working capital needs as and when required. The Company has provided corporate guarantee towards one of its subsidiary amounting to Rs 650 million for the year ended March 31, 2026 (March 31, 2025 : 650 million). Currently, the Company has assessed no default risk by the subsidiary and accordingly there is no liquidity risk.



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

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Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

[Signature]

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

[Signature]

Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

Maturities of financial liabilities

The below table analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity based on their contractual maturities. The amounts disclosed in the table are contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Particulars	Carrying amount	(in Rupees Million)	
		Undiscounted amount	
		<12months	>12months
March 31, 2026			
Non Derivative financial instruments			
Borrowings	8,341.25	8,341.25	-
Trade payables	1,279.87	1,279.87	-
Other financial liabilities	465.00	464.37	0.63
March 31, 2025			
Non Derivative financial instruments			
Lease obligation	11.85	11.49	0.96
Borrowings	5,030.19	5,030.19	-
Trade payables	812.23	812.23	-
Other financial liabilities	10.78	8.97	1.80

(33) Financial risk management framework (continued)

(c). Market risk

Market risk is the risk arising from changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates – that will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including foreign currency receivables and payables and long term debt. The Company is exposed to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and the market value of derivative used to cover forecasted sales and outstanding foreign debtors. Thus, the exposure to market risk is a function of borrowing activities and revenue generating, operating activities in foreign currency.

(d). Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on account of foreign currency transactions including recognized assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the Company's functional currency (₹), primarily in respect of United States Dollar, EURO and GBP. The Company ensures that the net exposure is kept to an acceptable level.

Exposure to currency risk

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period expressed in INR, are as follows:

As at March 31, 2026

Particulars	(in Rupees Million)	
	USD converted to INR	EURO converted to INR
Financial assets		
Trade receivables		
Net exposure to foreign currency (assets)	-	-
Financial liabilities		
Advances received from customer	4,000.91	3.91
Net exposure to foreign currency (liabilities)	4,000.91	3.91
Net exposure to foreign currency	(4,000.91)	(3.91)

As at March 31, 2025

Particulars	(in Rupees Million)	
	USD converted to INR	EURO converted to INR
Financial assets		
Trade receivables	1,270.99	11.50
Net exposure to foreign currency (assets)	1,270.99	11.50
Financial liabilities		
Advances received from customer	2,366.00	-
Net exposure to foreign currency (liabilities)	2,366.00	-
Net exposure to foreign currency	(1,095.01)	11.50



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Director

Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the Indian Rupee against all other currencies would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in a foreign currency profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

Particulars	(in Rupees Million)	
	Impact on profit after tax and equity	
	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
USD		
- Increase by 5%	(149.70)	(40.97)
- Decrease by 5%	149.70	40.97
EURO		
- Increase by 5%	(0.15)	0.43
- Decrease by 5%	0.15	(0.43)

Derivative financial instruments and hedging activities

The Company's revenue is denominated in various foreign currencies. Given the nature of the business, a large portion of the costs are denominated in Indian Rupee. This exposes the Company to currency fluctuations.

The Board of Directors frames, implement and monitor the risk management plan of the Company which inter-alia covers risks arising out of exposure to foreign currency fluctuations. Under the guidance and framework provided by the board, the Company uses derivative instruments such as foreign exchange forward in which the counter party is generally a bank

The foreign exchange forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges mature over a maximum period of eighteen months. The company manages its exposures normally for a period of up to two years based on the estimated exposure over that period.

(33) Financial risk management framework (continued)

The following table gives details in respect of outstanding derivative contracts:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	Notional amount of contracts (USD in million)	Fair value (Rs in million)	Notional amount of contracts (USD in million)	Fair value (Rs in million)
Forward contracts not in hedging relationship (fair valuation through profit and loss)				
USD	75.82	6,831.65	-	-
Contracts in hedging relationship (fair valuation through other comprehensive income)				
USD			-	-

Following table summarises approximate gain / (loss) on the Company's other comprehensive income on account of appreciation / (depreciation) of the underlying currencies:

Particulars	(in Rupees Million)	
	Impact on profit after tax and equity	
	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
USD		
- Increase by 5%	255.61	-
- Decrease by 5%	(255.61)	-

(ii). Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

Exposure to interest rate risk

The Companies exposure to interest rate risks relates primarily to the Companies interest obligations on its borrowings. Borrowings taken at variable rates are exposed to fair value interest rate risk. Company carries excellent credit ratings, due to which it has assessed that there are no material interest rate risk and any exposure thereof.



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.
 For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.
 Director
 For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED
 Company Secretary
 Director

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

(iii). Capital risk management

The Company aims to manage its capital efficiently so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to optimise returns to its shareholders. The capital structure of the Company is based on management's judgement of the appropriate balance of key elements in order to meet its strategic and day-to-day needs. The Company's policy is to maintain a stable and strong capital structure with a focus on total equity so as to maintain investor, creditors and market confidence and to sustain future development and growth of its business.

The Company monitors its capital by using gearing ratio, which is net debt divided to total equity. Net debt includes borrowings net of cash and bank balances and total equity comprises of equity share capital, general reserve, securities premium, other comprehensive income and retained earnings.

(33) Financial risk management framework (continued)

Particulars	(in Rupees Million)	
	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Borrowings	8,341.25	5,030.19
Less : Cash and cash equivalents	(1,231.79)	(864.92)
Less : Other bank balances	(1,359.83)	(264.62)
Net Debt (a)	5,749.63	3,900.66
Equity	8,953.54	7,823.23
Total Capital(b)	8,953.54	7,823.23
Capital gearing ratio (a/b)	0.64	0.50

Loan covenants

The Company is required to comply with all the loan covenants as set out in the loan agreement/facility letter. The Company has complied with these covenants during the reporting period.

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For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

[Signature]

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

[Signature]

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

[Signature]
Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

(34) Details of the outstanding principal, interest rate, security and repayment terms:

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025	Interest rate	Repayment Period	Secured against
L-1	1,309.36	637.66	8.25%	On Completion of tenure of the WCDL facility	1. Hypothecation of Stock and Book debts, Fixed deposits and personal guarantee of Parvez Alam, Mohammad Mehmood Qureshi, Wajid Ahmed, Mohammad Kamil Qureshi, Zulfiqar Ahmad Qureshi, Gulzar Ahmad, Mohammad Ashraf Qureshi
L-2	2,693.78	1,460.12	Spread+ EURIBOR	On Completion of tenure of the WCDL facility	1. First Pari passu charge on the Current assets (Raw materials, Book debts, Finished goods) of the borrower both present and future. 2. Exclusive charge over residential and commercial property being part of property no.95 and old no. 51 and present Nagar Nigam no. 2/200 situated at Surya Nagar (civil line), Hari parwat ward Tehsil & Dist. Agra in the name of Agra better home LLP. 3. Unconditional and Irrevocable personal guarantee of Gulzar Ahmed, Zulfiqar Ahmed Qureshi, Wajid Ahmed, Gulzeb Ahmed and Zakiya Qureshi to remain valid during entire tenor of facility.
L-3	232.39	-	6.50%	On Completion of tenure of the WCDL facility	1. Hypothecation on company's entire current assets such as raw materials, stock-in-process, finished goods, stores, spares & book-debts and other current assets lying in factory premises and existing Trading offices/ branches or elsewhere, both present & future. 2. Collateral Property: i. Lien over cash collateral securities in the form of STDRs to the tune of Rs. 21.00 cr. 3. Personal Guarantees of : Zulfiqar Ahmed Qureshi, Gulzar Ahmad, Mohammad Mehmood Qureshi, Wajid Ahmed, Mohammad Ashraf Qureshi, Parvez Alam, Gulzeb Ahmed.
L-4	4,104.86	2,932.42	91 Days T Bill Rate + 115 bps	On Completion of tenure of the WCDL facility	1. Pari Passu charge: Over company's entire current assets such as raw materials, stock-in-process, finished goods, stores, spares & book-debts and other current assets lying in factory premises and existing Trading offices/ branches or elsewhere, both present & future. Pari Passu charge Receivables/ book debts/ foreign bills. 2. Collateral Property: i. Lien over cash collateral securities in the form of STDRs to the tune of Rs. 20.00 cr. ii. Lien over cash collateral securities in the form of STDRs to the tune of Rs. 4.00 cr. iii. Equitable Mortgage of Commercial plot located at Khasra No. 65, 67, 77/2, 78, 84, 87, 84/2 Etmadpur, Agra iv. Equitable Mortgage of Shop No. 2, 2nd Floor, Over Plot No. 1, Part of Kothi No. 31, part of NN No. 2/220, Swadesi Beema Nagar, MG Road, Agra v. Equitable Mortgage of Flat No. 4, 3rd Floor, Over Plot No. 1, Part of Kothi No. 31, Pan of NN No. 2/220, Swadesi Beema Nagar, MG Road, Agra vi. Equitable Mortgage of Commercial land and building situated at Village Behra, HB No. 198, Tehsil Derra Bassi, SAS Nagar, Punjab vii. Equitable Mortgage of Shop No. 3, 1st Floor, Over Plot No. 1, Part of Kothi No. 31, Part of NN No. 2/220, Swadesi Beema Nagar, MG Road, Agra viii. Equitable Mortgage of Part of Khasra No. 287min, Mauza Kuberpur, Etmadpur, Agra ix. Equitable Mortgage of Part of Khasra No. 287min, Mauza Kuberpur, Etmadpur, Agra. x. Equitable Mortgage of Land at Khasra No. 652 Ga, Situated at Mauza Chhalesar, Tehsil Etmadpur, Agra. xi. Cas Collateral securities in the form of STDRs to the tune of Rs. 10.00 Cr. 3. Personal Guarantees of : Zulfiqar Ahmed Qureshi, Gulzar Ahmad, Mohammad Mehmood Qureshi, Mohammad Kamil Qureshi, Wajid Ahmed, Mohammad Ashraf Qureshi, Parvez Alam, Gulzeb Ahmed Corporate Guarantee of: i. Tajview Builders And Promoters Private Limited ii. Tajview Constructions Private Limited iii. HMA Food Export Private Limited iv. Federal Agro Industries Private Limited v. HMA Hygienic Foods Industries Private Limited
Total	8,340.39	5,030.19			

Note : Note No. 16 to the Notes to the Balance Sheet includes an amount of ₹0.86 million payable towards credit cards issued in the name of HMA Agro Industries Limited.

Note : All the loans are classified as current as they are repayable on demand.

The Company has borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of book debts, inventory and other time deposits. The quarterly statements of current assets filed by the Company with banks are in primarily in agreement with the books of accounts and there are not material differences.



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Director

Director

Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

(35) Ratio Analysis and its elements

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025	% change	Remarks
Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.29	1.37	-6%	Decrease due to temporary increase in Current Liabilities
Debt- Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	0.93	0.64	45%	Increase due to increase in debt
Debt Service Coverage ratio	Earnings for debt service = Net profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses	Debt service = Interest payable to bank	3.98	3.19	25%	Increase due to increase in profit
Return on net worth	Net Profits after taxes	Shareholder's Equity	14.20%	7.69%	85%	Increase due to increase in profit
Inventory Turnover ratio	Cost of goods sold	Average Inventory	6.37	11.16	-43%	Decrease due to increase in average inventory
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	Net credit sales = Gross credit sales - sales return	Average Trade Receivable	83.33	15.73	430%	Increase due to increase in sales
Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	Net credit purchases = Gross credit purchases - purchase return	Average Trade Payables	64.18	47.06	36%	Increase due to increase in purchases
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net sales = Total sales - sales return	Working capital = Current assets - Current liabilities	16.49	15.70	5%	Increase due to increase in sales
Net Profit ratio	Net Profit	Net sales = Total sales - sales return	1.88%	1.24%	52%	Increase due to increase in profit
Return on Capital Employed	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability	11.86%	8.66%	37%	Increase due to increase in profit
Return on Investment	Interest (Finance Income)	Investment	8.90%	2.68%	232%	Increase due to increase in income



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

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For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Director

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

[Signature]
Company Secretary

HMA Agro Industries Limited

(36) Earnings per share

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company (Rs in Millions)	1,271.07	601.73
Weighted average number of equity shares for EPS (in nos)	50,07,69,770	50,07,69,770
Adjustment for calculation of Diluted EPS (in nos)	-	-
Weighted average number of equity shares for Diluted EPS (in nos)	50,07,69,770	50,07,69,770
Earnings per share		
- Basic	2.54	1.20
- Diluted	2.54	1.20
Face value per equity share (Rs.)	1.00	1.00

(37) Income tax expense

This note provides analysis of Company's income tax expense, amounts that are recognised directly in equity and how the tax expense is affected by non-assessable and non-deductible items. It also explains significant estimates in relation to the Company's tax position.

(a) Income tax expense is as follows:

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
(a) Profit and loss		
Current tax	440.43	229.47
Tax expense relating to prior years*	8.06	72.31
Deferred tax	(1.06)	4.73
Income tax expense	447.43	306.51

* The tax expense related to prior periods amounting to Rs. 72.31 million includes Rs. 54.52 million pertaining to a demand raised by the Income Tax Department, pursuant to assessment orders issued following a search conducted by the Income Tax Authorities in November 2022.

(b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit computed by applying income tax rate:

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Profit before tax	1,718.50	908.24
Tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
Computed tax expense	432.51	228.59
Expenses not deductible for tax purpose	7.92	0.89
Tax expense relating to prior years	8.06	72.31
Others	(1.06)	4.73
Income tax expense	447.43	306.51

(38) Segment reporting

Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise for which discrete financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker for assessing the Company's performance and allocating the resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments and geographic segments.

The Company is engaged into business of processing and exporting of buffalo frozen meat and meat products which is single reportable business segment. Hence the Company's financial statements reflect the position for a reportable segment and no separate disclosure is required. The company has its manufacturing operations in India and sales products across various geographies in the world.

The information relating to revenue from external customers of its single reportable segment has been disclosed as below:

Revenue from operations

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Vietnam	14,327.04	13,574.42
Malaysia	9,846.26	8,125.20
Uzbekistan	7,193.61	1,480.73
Saudi Arabia	6,149.07	4,035.46
Hongkong	235.07	458.85
Indonesia	2,780.58	3,056.92
Egypt	10,446.27	9,225.71
Rest of the world	16,854.93	8,750.19
Total	67,832.82	48,707.48

All the non-current operating assets are located in India.

List of top customers from which revenue from sale of product from is generated :

Customer	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Customer A	7.47%	7.22%
Customer B	6.52%	4.71%
Customer C	3.43%	4.71%
Customer D	2.88%	4.05%

(39) Commitments and contingent liabilities

Particular	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
(a) Contingent liabilities		
For claims against Company not acknowledged as debt		
Service tax matters under appeal*	5.55	5.55
Goods and service tax under appeal*	5.27	24.11
Income tax matter under appeal*	2.44	43.72



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Company Secretary

Director

HMA Agro Industries Limited

*The Company believes that these claims are not tenable and hence no provision has been made in this regards. The amount of contingent liabilities is disclosed based on the best possible estimate which in turn is based on the likelihood of possible outcomes of proceedings by the tax authorities and the possible cash outflow will be known on settlement of the proceedings by the tax authorities.

A search was carried out on July 07, 2023 by the through the Intelligence Officer (IO), Directorate General of Goods and Service Tax Intelligence, Headquarters, New Delhi at the premises of the Company situated at 6/A, 15-16 Tehsil Kaol, Mathura Bypass Road, Aligarh Uttar Pradesh 202001 under sub-section (2) of Section 67 of the Central Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017, post the order of search the Company received Summons to remain present and submit documents as may be requested by DGGI. Since due to unavoidable circumstances, the representatives of the Company were not able to remain present, the Company has requested for extension of time to remain present. Thereafter, there is no communication from DGGI. The Company is not able to estimate the liability under this search.

(40) Corporate social responsibility

(in Rupees Million)

Particular	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Corporate social responsibility expenditure		
Amount required to be spent as per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013	26.95	30.97
Utilised from excess spent in last year	2.29	3.54
Net Amount required to be spent	24.66	27.43
Amount spent during the year on:		
(i) Construction / acquisition of an asset	-	-
(ii) Purposes other than (i) above	27.05	29.72
(iii) nature of CSR activities	-	-
- Contribution to Charitable activities	27.05	29.72
- Contribution to Government funds	-	-

(41) Disclosure of Loans or advances to specified persons made to related parties which are repayable on demand :

(in Rupees Million)

Particulars	March 31, 2026	%	March 31, 2025	%
Loans to related parties	36.10	100%	63.72	4%
Advances to related parties	-	0%	1,523.20	96%
Total	36.10	100%	1,586.91	100%

(42) There are no material subsequent events which have occurred between the reporting date as on March 31, 2026 and adoption of financial statement by board of directors as on May 25, 2026.

(43) The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Company's Board of directors on May 25, 2026.

(44) Other Statutory Information

- The Company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property
- The Company do not have any transactions with companies struck off.
- The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period,
- The Company have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,

(45) Previous year figures have been regrouped / reclassified to confirm to current year presentation.

As per our report of even date attached.
FOR MAPSS AND COMPANY
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm's Registration Number: 012796C

CA Gyan Chandra Mishra

Partner
 Membership Number: 078183
 Place : Ghaziabad
 Date : May 25, 2026
 UDIN:-26078183FAVFEQ9790

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
HMA Agro Industries Limited
 CIN : U74110UP2008PLC036977

Gulzar Ahmad

Whole Time Director
 DIN : 01312305
 Place : New Delhi
 Date : May 25, 2026

Mohammad Mehmood Qureshi

Managing Director
 DIN : 02839611
 Place : New Delhi
 Date : May 25, 2026

Gulzeb Ahmed

Chief Financial Officer
 DIN : 06546660
 Place : New Delhi
 Date : May 25, 2026

Nikhil Sundrani

Company Secretary
 Membership number : 59307
 Place : Agra
 Date : May 25, 2026

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HMA Agro Industries Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026

1 Corporate information

HMA Agro Industries Limited ("the Company") is domiciled and incorporated in India and it is a listed Company. The registered office of the Company is situated at 18A/5/3 Taj View Crossing, Fatehabad Road, Agra, Uttar Pradesh, India, 282001. The Company is primarily engaged in the business of Slaughtering, processing & rendering of meat and meat products, bone, tallow, tallow products, poultry products, foods offals, raw hides, MBM, Dung of Big and small buffalo sheep & goat and to manufacture, process, prepare, preserve, can, refine, bottle, buy, sell and deal whether as wholesalers or retailers or as exporters or importers or as principal or agents in all kinds of livestock products. The financial statements of the company for the year ended March 31, 2026 were approved and authorized for issue by board of directors in their meeting held on May 25, 2026.

Material accounting policies

2 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time) and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS compliant Schedule III), as applicable to the financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees "INR" which is also the company's functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest Millions (Rupees Millions) up to two Decimals, except when otherwise indicated.

2.01 Property, plant and equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Cost includes its purchase price including non-refundable taxes and duties, directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its present location and condition.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

The residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and changes, if any, are accounted in the line with revisions to accounting estimates.



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For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED
Company Secretary
Director

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on straight line method, which is in line with the estimated useful life as specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Depreciation commences when the assets are ready for their intended use. The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the statement of profit and loss.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Assets	Useful life (years)
Office equipment	10
Plant and Machinery	15
Building	30
Vehicles	8
Land	-

2.02 Impairment of property, plant and equipment

Consideration is given at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment of the carrying amount of the company each class of the property, plant and equipment. If any indication exists, an asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor.

2.03 Current versus non-current classification

The company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- ▶ Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- ▶ Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- ▶ Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- ▶ Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- ▶ It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- ▶ It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- ▶ It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- ▶ There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period"



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For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Company Secretary

Director

The company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle."

2.04 Fair value measurement

The company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- ▶ In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- ▶ In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- ▶ Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- ▶ Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- ▶ Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For financial assets and liabilities maturing within one year from the balance sheet date and which are not carried at fair value, the carrying amount approximates fair value to due to short term maturity of these instruments.

The company recognises the transfer between the levels of fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the changes has occurred.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Director

Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Company Secretary

This note summaries accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

- ▶ Quantitative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy (Note 32)
- ▶ Financial instruments (including those carried at amortised cost) (Note 32)

2.05 Revenue from contract with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods is transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration entitled in exchange for those goods. The company is generally the principal as it typically controls the goods before transferring them to the customer.

Generally, control is transferred upon shipment of goods to the customer or when the goods is made available to the customer, provided transfer of title to the customer occurs and the company has not retained any significant risks of ownership or future obligations with respect to the goods shipped.

Revenue from inter-company arrangement is recognised based on transaction price which is at arm's length arrangement. Revenue towards satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured at the amount of transaction price (net of variable consideration) allocated to that performance obligation. The transaction price of goods sold and services rendered is net of variable consideration on account of various discounts and schemes offered by the Company as part of the contract.

Generally, the credit period varies as per the contractually agreed period from the shipment or delivery of goods as the case may be. The company does not adjust short-term advances received from the customer for the effects of significant financing component if it is expected at the contract inception that the promised good or service will be transferred to the customer within a period of one year.

2.06 Other income

Interest income:

Interest income is accrued on time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Profit/ (Loss) on derivatives:

Profit/ (Loss) on derivatives contracts on account of fair value changes are recognised as either income or expenses as the case may be through Profit and loss.

Duty drawback/Export incentives:

Duty drawback income is recognised when right to receive such benefits is established. Further, in cases where there is uncertainty of such benefits, revenue is recognised when benefits are received.

2.07 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value.



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Director
Director
Company Secretary

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

► **Finished goods and work in progress:** cost includes cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity but excluding borrowing costs. Cost is determined on first in, first out basis.

► **Traded goods:** cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on weighted average basis.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

► **Stock in Transit:** cost comprises the purchase price and other costs incurred to bring the inventory to its present location and condition.

The company accounts for agricultural produce which is harvested produce of the biological asset

1. Initial recognition and measurement

The entity recognizes a biological asset or agricultural produce when, and only when

- the entity controls the asset as a result of past events;
- it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the entity; and
- the fair value or cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

Agricultural produce harvested from an entity's biological assets is measured at its fair value less costs to sell at the point of harvest. Such measurement value is the cost at that date when applying Ind AS

2. **Inventories.** The carrying amounts of agricultural produce is carried at cost when the company expects the impact of the biological transformation on price to be not material.

2.08 Taxes

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act 1961. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis.



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

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Director

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Director
Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

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Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised using balance sheet approach at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purpose at the reporting date.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates that are expected to apply in a year when asset is realized or the liability is expected to be settled based on the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off assets against liabilities representing current tax where the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

2.09 Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in the statement of profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2.10 Foreign Currency translation

Functional and Presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR), which is functional and presentation currency of the company.

Transaction and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised in the financial statements using exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date and foreign exchange gain or loss are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

2.11 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions:

Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best



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For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Signature of Director

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Director

Company Secretary

estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance sheet date.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingent Liabilities:

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. The company does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

2.12 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

a. Non-Derivative Financial Assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the company's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, the company initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of financial asset. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price determined under Ind AS 115. Refer to the accounting policies in section 2.05 for Revenue from contracts with customers.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

The company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through OCI are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling.



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

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Director

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Director

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

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Company Secretary

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

- ▶ Financial assets at amortised cost
- ▶ Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
- ▶ Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) with recycling of cumulative gains and losses
- ▶ Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition

A 'financial asset' is measured at amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and

b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. The company's financial assets at amortised cost includes loans and other financial assets.

A 'financial asset' is measured at FVOCI if both the following conditions are met:

a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and

b) The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Upon initial recognition, the company can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI when they meet the definition of equity under Ind AS 32 Financial Instruments: The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS103 applies are classified as at FVTPL.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in the statement of profit and loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the balance sheet at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit and loss.



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For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Company Secretary

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Director

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from a company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) the company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset."

Impairment of financial assets

"A financial asset is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is considered to be impaired, if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

For trade receivables, the company applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment."

b. Non-Derivative Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified in two categories:

- Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
 - Financial liabilities at amortised cost (loans and borrowings)
- Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.



For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.

[Signature]
Director
[Signature]
Company Secretary

For HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LTD.
[Signature]
Director

c. Derivative financial instruments

Instruments in hedging relationship

The company designates certain foreign exchange forward contracts as hedge instruments in respect of foreign exchange risks. These hedges are accounted for as cash flow hedges, net of taxes based on the forecasted highly probable transactions.

"The company uses hedging instruments that are governed by the policies of the company which are approved by the Board of Directors. The policies provide written principles on the use of such financial derivatives consistent with the risk management strategy of the company.

The hedge instruments are designated and documented as hedges at the inception of the contract. The company determines the existence of an economic relationship between the hedging instrument and hedged item based on the currency, amount and timing of their respective cash flows. The effectiveness of hedge instruments to reduce the risk associated with the exposure being hedged is assessed and measured at inception and on an ongoing basis. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in the cash flow hedging reserve is transferred to the statement of profit and loss upon the occurrence of the related forecasted transaction. If the hedged forecasted transaction is no longer expected to occur, then the amounts that have been accumulated in other equity are immediately reclassified in net foreign exchange gains in the statement of profit and loss. The effective portion of change in the fair value of the designated hedging instrument is recognised in the other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading cash flow hedging reserve.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. Any gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity till that time remains and is recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the forecasted transaction ultimately affects profit and loss."

Instruments not in hedging relationship

The company enters into contracts that are effective as hedges from an economic perspective, but they do not qualify for hedge accounting. The change in the fair value of such instrument is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

2.13 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise of cash balances at banks, on hand cash balances and demand deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

In the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, cash at bank, demand deposits with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

2.14 Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue and split of shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. Earnings considered in ascertaining the company's earnings per share is the net profit for the year after deducting any attributable tax thereto for the year. For the



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purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.15 Segment Reporting

"Based on "Management Approach" as defined in Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments, the Chief Operating Decision Maker evaluates the company's performance and allocates the resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments. Inter segment sales and transfers are reflected at market prices. Unallocable items includes general corporate income and expense items which are not allocated to any business segment.

Segment Policies

The company prepares its segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the standalone financial statements of the company as a whole. Common allocable costs are allocated to each segment on an appropriate basis.

2.16 Dividend

The company recognises a liability to pay dividend to equity holders of the parent when the distribution is authorised, and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the company. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

2.17 Company as a lessee

The company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of the contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the company assesses whether:

- (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset
- (ii) the company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and
- (iii) the company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The company recognises right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term at the lease commencement date. The cost of the right-of-use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located. The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the



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straight -line method from the commencement date over the lease term.

The company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the company changes its assessment as to whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the balance sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

2.18 Employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

The company's contribution to Provident fund is considered as defined contribution plans and are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when services are rendered by the employees.

Defined benefit plans

For defined benefit plans in the form of gratuity fund, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss.

Re-measurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings, through other comprehensive income in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in profit or loss as past service cost.

Short-term employee benefits

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised during the year when the employees render the service. These benefits include leave encashment and availment which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service.

2.19 Significant accounting estimates, judgements and assumptions

The preparation of the company's Standalone financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of



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contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances existing when the Standalone financial statements were prepared. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates is recognised in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future year affected.

In the process of applying the company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements which have significant effect on the amounts Recognized in the Standalone financial statements:

a. Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets: Determination of the estimated useful life of tangible assets and intangible assets and the assessment as to which components of the cost may be Capitalized. Useful life of tangible assets is based on the life specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 and also as per management estimate for certain category of assets. Assumption also needs to be made, when company assesses, whether as asset may be capitalized and which components of the cost of the assets may be capitalized. Management reviews the estimated useful life and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation / amortisation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful life and residual values are based on the Companies/Group's historical experience with similar assets and take into account anticipated technological and future risks. The depreciation / amortisation for future periods is revised if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

b. Contingencies: Management judgement is required for estimating the possible outflow of resources, if any, in respect of contingencies/ claim/ litigation against company as it is not possible to predict the outcome of pending matters with accuracy.

c. Fair value measurements and valuation processes: Some of the Companies assets and liabilities are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. The management determines the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for the fair value measurements. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the company used market-observable data to the extent it is available. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

d. Estimation of defined benefit plans: The obligation arising from defined benefit plan is determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions. Key actuarial assumptions include discount rate, trends in salary escalation, actuarial rates and life expectancy. The discount rate is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. The period to maturity of the underlying bonds correspond to the probable maturity of the post-employment benefit obligation.

e. Tax expense: Tax expense is calculated using applicable tax rate and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted. In arriving at taxable profit and all tax bases of assets and liabilities, the company determines the taxability based on tax enactments, relevant judicial pronouncements and tax expert opinions, and makes appropriate provisions which includes an estimation of the likely outcome of any open tax assessments / litigations. Any difference is recognised on closure of assessment or in the period in which they are agreed.



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Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and unabsorbed depreciation(if any) could be utilised.

f. Impairment of financial and non-financial assets: The impairment provisions for Financial Assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss rates. The company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. In case of non-financial assets, assessment of impairment indicators involves consideration of future risks. Further, the company estimates asset's recoverable amount, which is higher of an asset's or Cash Generating Units (CGU's) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account, if no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

g. Inventory valuation: The factors that the company considers in determining in valuation of non-saleable inventory, in store inventory or any other products, include estimated shelf life, price changes, ageing of inventory, introduction of competitive new products and fair valuation of related products to the extent each of these factors impact the company's business and markets. The company considers all these factors and adjusts the inventory valuation to reflect its actual experience on a periodic basis.

2.20 Recent accounting pronouncements

"Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2026, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the company.



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